

# Content and Form: How one manipulates the other

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DAY 4 / GROUP B:  
AN EYE TRACKING STUDY

**HNU**

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# Content and Form:

heating4Eyetracking.html (from E. Kreyszig, Ch. 1)

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## 1 Heating an Office Building (Newton's Law of Cooling)

### Background

Suppose that in Winter the daytime temperature in a certain office building is maintained at  $70^{\circ}F$ . The heating is shut off at 10 P.M. and turned on again at 6 A.M. On a certain day the temperature inside the building at 2 A.M was found to be  $65^{\circ}F$ . The outside temperature was  $50^{\circ}F$  at 10 P.M. and had dropped to  $40^{\circ}F$  by 6 A.M.

### Problem

What was the temperature inside the building when the heat was turned on at 6 A.M.

### Physical Information

Experiments show that the time rate of change of the temperature  $T$  of a body  $B$  (which conducts heat well, as, for example, a copper ball does) is proportional

# Design Challenge heating4Eyetracking.html

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- Yesterday you learned how to markup math in technical documents. Reflect upon the usability issues elicited by our eyetracking experiment especially for the math part with a similar document on Monday.
- How can we make working with the document more usable and maybe even enable a good user experience? Think about what interactions would be nice and supportive.
- Think wild!
  - Groups of 4 students
  - 30min
  - Present and explain your ideas, maybe with a paper prototype?

# Possible Issues

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In our first eyetracking experiment we noted the following:

1. A lot of cross-referencing (What was the meaning of the symbols in a formula? E.g. „T“?)
2. Some structure referencing (Looking for problem again, for example)
3. Similar, but different symbols were confusing (e.g.  ${}_6C^{12}$  or  ${}_6C^{12}$  ?)
4. Directing focus onto math?

# Task heating4Eyetracking.html

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- Complete the annotations so that we have interactions all around.
- Think about the color scheme: is it already fitting?

- Groups of 4 students
- 30min
- We need one document afterwards → integration or organization

# Events

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- <https://api.jquery.com/category/events/mouse-events/>

a variable with an id

```
$("#"+term).mouseover(function(event) {  
    var x=event.pageX;  
    var y=event.pageY;  
    show(term,x,y);  
});
```

some function call

# A Definition Service

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26 tank contains 1000 gal of water i

```
<div id="lexicon">
  <div for="brine">Brine is another word for salt water.</div>
  <div for="lb">This is a weight unit. 1 lb=500g</div>
  <div for="gal">This is a volumen unit. 1 gal=3785.41ml</div>
</div>
```

```
annotate('gal');
```

Event handling!

This is the  
defining phase ...

# A Definition Service

```
function annotate(term){
  $("#"+term).mouseover(function(event) {
    var x=event.pageX;
    var y=event.pageY;
    show(term,x,y);
  });
  $("#"+term).mouseleave(function(event) {
    hide(term);
  });
}
```

Now the event-handling ...

```
<div id="lexicon">
  <div for="brine">Brine is another word for salt water.</div>
  <div for="lb">This is a weight unit. 1 lb=500g</div>
  <div for="gal">This is a volumen unit. 1 gal=3785.41ml</div>
</div>
<span id="gal">gal</span>
  ...+"]').html();
  x=x+10;
  y=y-40;
  $("#"+term).after($('<div id="hoverText">'+def+'</div>'));
  $('#hoverText').css('position','absolute')
    .css('left',x)
    .css('top',y)
    .css('background-color','blue')
    .css('color','white')
    .css('display','block');
}
function hide(term){
  $("#"+term).removeClass('hover');
  $('#hoverText').remove();
}
```



# Eye Tracking: Measures

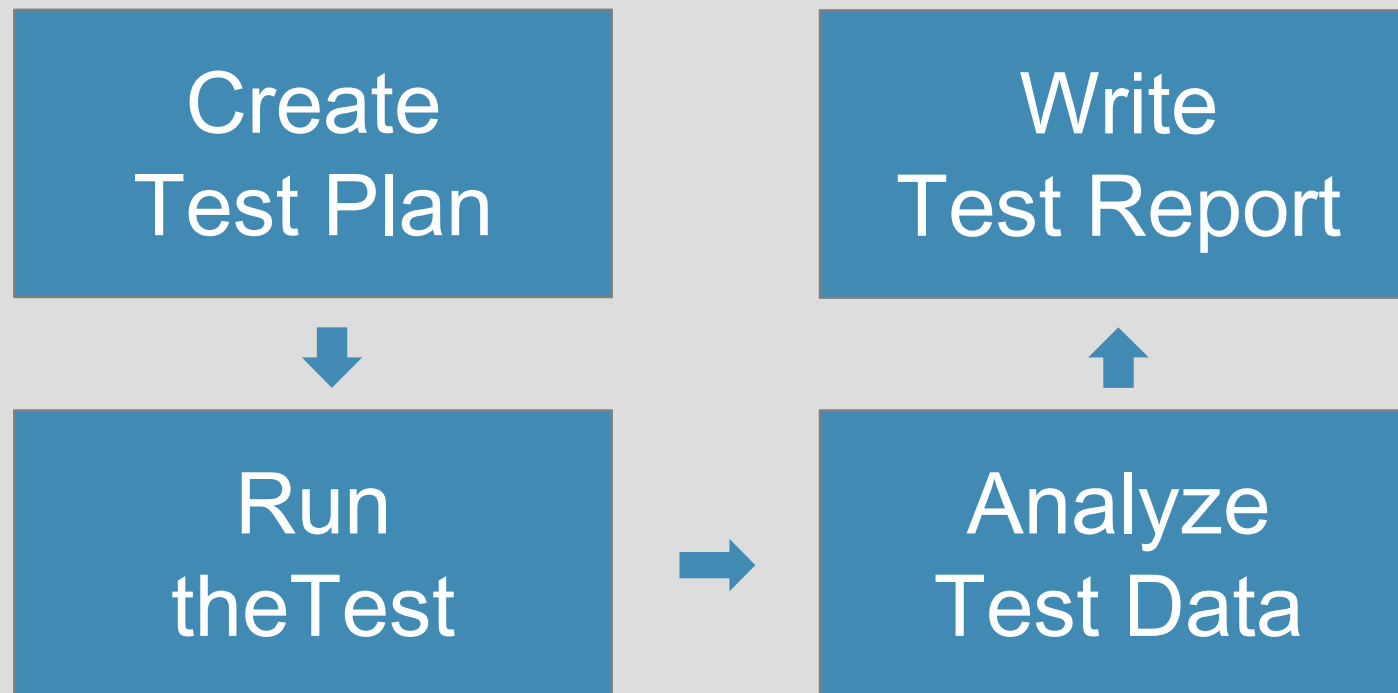
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- Eye tracking is an observation method to learn
  - where a person is looking (at any given time)
    - Point-of-Gaze (Location)
  - in which order a person is looking
    - Order of fixations
    - Efficiency of task solving (# of fixations)
  - how long a person is looking at one spot
    - Fixation
    - Duration of fixation

see [Poole&Ball: Eye Tracking in HCI and Usability Research: Current Status and Future Prospects]

# Structure of a UX Test

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# UX Testing

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Main principle:

## User Advocacy

From

- Our design →
- Features & Ideas →
- What we want →
- Our opinion →

To

- Their goals
- Task validation
- What they need
- What they do  
(observed behavior)

# Creating a Test Plan



- We start with a list of user stories for understanding our goals:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

- User Story:

„As a <role> I want to <goal> to <utility>“, e.g.

„As a teacher

I want to invite students to meetings for them to confirm or reject to organize my own time management“

# UX Test Plan

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Task Name	User Story (concrete goal)	Scenario (very concrete context)	Ideal Response (optimal handling)	Assets & Metrics