

# Quizzes for General CS II (320102) Fall 2013

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FOR COURSE PURPOSES ONLY

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# 1 Assignment 1 (Introductory Quiz) – Given Sep. 9. 2013

## Problem 1.1 (GenCS Grading)

State the components of the overall grade of the GenCS course and discuss their intention. 4pt

## Problem 1.2 (What is an algorithm?)

What is an algorithm? Give 3 examples of algorithms and explain them (be creative and 8pt make sure that at least two of them are not on the slides!).

## 2 Assignment 2 (Peano axioms and Induction) – Given Sep. 16. 2013

**Problem 2.1 (Peano's induction axiom)**

State Peano's induction axiom and discuss what it can be used for.

6pt

**Problem 2.2 (Zero is not one)**

Prove or refute that  $s(o)$  is different from  $o$ .

6pt

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**Note:** Please use **only** the Peano Axioms for this proof.

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### 3 Assignment 3 (Mathtalk and Sets) – Given Sep. 23. 2013

#### Problem 3.1 (Addition Definition)

Give the two basic rules that define the “addition” operation. Provide an example for each rule. Use the unary representation of numbers (e.g.  $o$  for 0,  $s(o)$  for 1 and so on). 2pt

#### Problem 3.2 (Talking about Sets)

10pt

Given the following sets

1.  $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$
2.  $B = \{d, f, h\}$
3.  $C = \{d, f, g, i\}$

Define each of the following operations on sets **in math talk** and apply it to the given sets:

1. intersection:  $S \cap T :=$   
e.g.  $A \cap B =$
2. union:  $S \cup T :=$  e.g.  $B \cup C =$
3. set difference:  $S \setminus T :=$  e.g.  $A \setminus B =$
4.  $n$ -fold Cartesian product:  $S_1 \times \dots \times S_n :=$  e.g. the size  $\#(A \times B \times C) =$

## 4 Assignment 4 (Relations & SML Pattern Matching) – Given Sep. 30. 2013

**Problem 4.1** Given  $A := \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ ,  $B := \{5, 6, 7\}$  and following relations: 4pt

$$R_1 \subseteq A \times A, \quad R_1 := \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (1, 4), (4, 3), (1, 3)\}$$

$$R_2 \subseteq B \times B, \quad R_2 := \{(5, 5), (6, 6), (7, 7), (5, 6), (6, 5), (6, 7), (7, 6)\}$$

Determine for these relations whether they are reflexive, symmetric, and transitive. If they are not, give counterexamples (i.e. examples, where the given property is violated).

### Problem 4.2 (Pattern Matching in SML)

You are typing to the SML interpreter and it replies:

8pt

```
– val unittriple = (1,1,1);  
val unittriple = (1,1,1) : int * int * int
```

1. you continue with

```
– val (_,x,_) = unittriple;
```

What will the system reply? Explain briefly.

2. write an SML function `fourth` that given a quadruple of reals (members of the SML type `real`) extracts the last (fourth) component.

## 5 Assignment 5 (SML Data Types) – Given Oct. 7. 2013

### Problem 5.1 (Temperatures)

You are given the following SML datatype `temp` that represents temperatures in Fahrenheit and Celsius. 12pt

```
datatype temp = Celsius of real | Fahrenheit of real;
```

Write an SML function `find : temp list -> temp` that returns the lowest temperature in a list. For instance,

```
– find([Celsius(12.0), Fahrenheit(52.0), Celsius(32.0)]);
```

```
val it = Fahrenheit 52.0 : temp
```

---

**Note:** You can use the following formula for transforming Fahrenheit into Celsius:  $t_C = (t_F - 32) \cdot \frac{5}{9}$

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## 6 Assignment 6 (Abstract Data Types) – Given Oct. 28. 2013

### Problem 6.1 (Abstract Data Type for given Ground Terms)

Suppose the expressions  $f(g(a, b), c)$  and  $h(g, f(a, b))$  are both ground terms.

6pt

1. Write one appropriate abstract data type for both of them.
2. Are the expressions  $f(a, b, c)$ ,  $h(g, a)$  and  $h(f, b)$  ground terms of your abstract data type too? Justify your answer.

**Problem 6.2 (An abstract procedure)**

Given the following ADT for lists of unary natural numbers

6pt

$$L := \langle \{\mathbb{L}, \mathbb{N}\}, \{[o: \mathbb{N}], [s: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}], [nil: \mathbb{L}], [cons: \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{L} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}]\} \rangle$$

and an abstract procedure for appending two lists,

$$\langle @: \mathbb{L} \times \mathbb{L} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}; \{@(cons(n, L_1), L_2) \rightsquigarrow cons(n, @(L_1, L_2)), @(nil, L_2) \rightsquigarrow L_2\} \rangle$$

Provide an abstract procedure for reversing lists!



## 7 Assignment 7 (Mutual Recursion) – Given Nov. 4. 2013

### Problem 7.1 (Mutual recursion in SML)

Implement functions for the following recursive/ mutually recursive functions:

12pt

- the Hofstadter male and female sequences:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{male}(n) &= \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n = 0 \\ n - \text{female}(\text{male}(n - 1)) & \text{if } n > 0 \end{cases} \\ \text{female}(n) &= \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n = 0 \\ n - \text{male}(\text{female}(n - 1)) & \text{if } n > 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

## 8 Assignment 8 (String code) – Given Nov. 11. 2013

### Problem 8.1 (String codes)

Given the alphabet  $A := \{1, 2, \dots, 2008, 2009\}$  and  $B := \{a, b\}$ :

12pt

1. Construct a character code  $c: A \rightarrow B^+$  whose extension is a string code
2. Prove that the extension is a string code.

Note: You can use the theorems provided in class if you state them.

## 9 Assignment 9 (Evaluating Boolean Expressions) – Given Nov. 18. 2013

### Problem 9.1 (CNF and DNF)

Using the assignment  $\varphi = [F/x_1], [T/x_2], [T/x_3], [F/x_4]$  evaluate the expression:

12pt

$$x_2 + \overline{(x_1 + x_4)} * \overline{(x_2 + x_3)} * x_4$$

## 10 Assignment 10 (Boolean Expressions) – Given Nov. 25. 2013

### Problem 10.1 (Boolean Evaluation)

Use boolean equivalences to simplify the expression

12pt

$$\overline{(x_1 + x_4 + \overline{x_4} + x_1)} + \overline{x_2 * (x_3 + x_2)}$$

as much as possible and then evaluate it using the variable assignment

$$\varphi := [\mathbb{T}/x_1], [\mathbb{F}/x_2], [\mathbb{T}/x_3], [\mathbb{F}/x_4]$$

and the interpretation

$$\mathcal{I} = \{0 \mapsto \mathbb{F}, 1 \mapsto \mathbb{T}, + \mapsto \vee, * \mapsto \wedge, - \mapsto \neg\}$$